Introduction: Collagen is the base component for the majority of dermal scaffolds. Smart Matrix<sup>™</sup> (SM) is a new fibrin based scaffold showing rapid integration and vascularisation *in vivo*. Wound healing involves both recruitment and differentiation of unspecialised cells and fibroblasts to the site of injury. This is regulated by cytokines and growth factors such as tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  (TNF $\alpha$ )(increased in acute and chronic wounds), transforming growth factor β (TGFβ) (increased in scar tissue), interleukin-8 (IL-8) & vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) (initiate vascular growth in response) to injury).

(HDFs) on collagen and fibrin matrixes.

## Materials and Methods:

 $\geq$  500,000 Human Dermal Fibroblasts (n=3) seeded into contractile collagen gels (CCGs) (2.5 cm diameter), Integra<sup>®</sup> (collagen-based-6mm diameter), Matriderm<sup>®</sup> (collagen-based- 6mm) and SM dermal scaffolds (6mm diameter)

 $\succ$  Expression of VEGF, TGF  $\beta$  and TNF $\alpha$ , was analysed by ELISA array.

 $\geq$  5000 passage 4 hP-MSCs (n=3) were seeded onto fibrin (25 µg/ml) or collagen-I (50µg/ml) coated cover slips. Non coated cover slips were used as control

Immunocytochemistry was used to analyse the expression of VEGF and IL-8, 1 and 6 hours post seeding

## **Results:**

 $\checkmark$  Higher expression of VEGF and lower TGF  $\beta$  and TNF $\alpha$  observed on Smart Matrix (Fig 1)

Other cytokines/growth factors were similar between matrices

 Cell attachment to both collagen and fibrin coated surfaces was observed as early as 1 hour post seeding (Fig 2)

 Cell spreading was more prominent on Fibrin and Collagen surfaces in comparison to control discs (Non coated cover slips) as early as 1 hour post seeding

✓ Cell spreading and cell-cell contacts were observed 6 hours post culture (Fig 2)

✓ Positive staining for both IL-8 and VEGF on the adhered cells to both fibrin and collagen-I coated samples 6 hours post seeding

## Differential Regulation Of Cytokine And Growth Factor Profiles Involved In Cell Integration Of Collagen And Fibrin Based Scaffolds In Vitro **Sorousheh Samizadeh** <sup>1\*</sup>, E Garcia-Gareta, Mr Laurie M Irvine<sup>2</sup>, J F Dye<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> **RAFT,** Reconstruction of Appearance and Function Trust, London, UK



VEGF would provide better understanding of the

